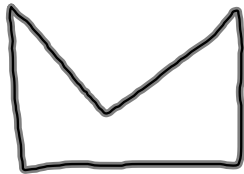


**Bellwork**  
**08/31/2011**

*\*An 11-gon is called a  
hendecagon!\**

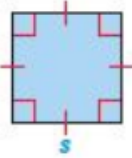
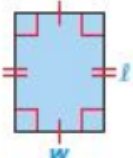
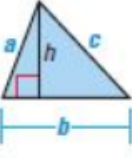

**1. Draw a concave pentagon.**



**Geometry**  
**1.7 Find Perimeter, Circumference, and Area**  
**Standard(s): 4**

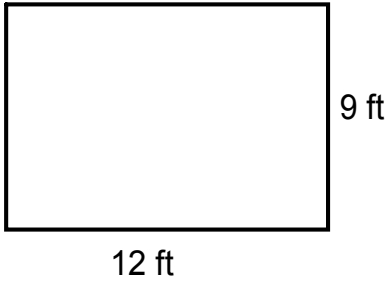
**Vocabulary:**

1. Perimeter: Distance around a figure.
2. Area: Amount of surface covered by a figure.  $m^2$
3. Circumference: Distance around a circle.

KEY CONCEPT	<i>For Your Notebook</i>
<b>Formulas for Perimeter <math>P</math>, Area <math>A</math>, and Circumference <math>C</math></b>	
<p><b>Square</b> side length <math>s</math></p> <p><math>P = 4s</math> <math>A = s^2</math></p> 	<p><b>Rectangle</b> length <math>l</math> and width <math>w</math></p> <p><math>P = 2l + 2w</math> <math>A = lw</math></p> 
<p><b>Triangle</b> side lengths <math>a</math>, <math>b</math>, and <math>c</math>, base <math>b</math>, and height <math>h</math></p> <p><math>P = a + b + c</math> <math>A = \frac{1}{2}bh</math></p> 	<p><b>Circle</b> diameter <math>d</math> and radius <math>r</math></p> <p><math>C = \pi d = 2\pi r</math> <math>A = \pi r^2</math></p> <p>PI (<math>\pi</math>) is the ratio of a circle's circumference to its diameter.</p> 

## Find the Perimeter and Area of a Rectangle

Find the perimeter and area of the rectangle shown.



Pull

**Rectangle:**

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2l + 2w$$

$$\text{Area} = l \cdot w$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= 2(9) + 2(12) \\
 &18 + 24 \\
 P &= 42 \text{ ft}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= 9 \cdot 12 \\
 A &= 108 \text{ ft}^2
 \end{aligned}$$

The area of a rectangle is  $551 \text{ in}^2$ , and its width is 19 inches. Find the length of the rectangle.

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= l \cdot w \\
 \frac{551}{19} &= \frac{l \cdot \cancel{19}}{\cancel{19}} \\
 l &= 29 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

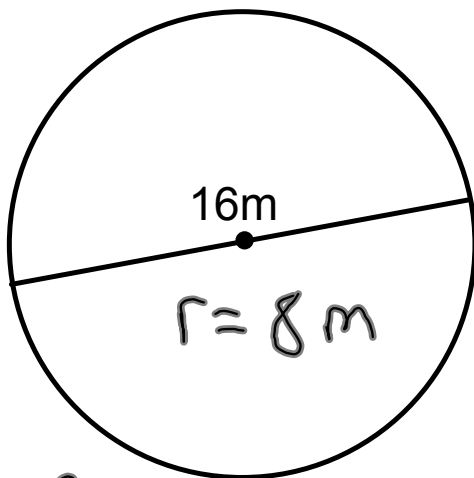
The perimeter of a rectangle is  $48 \text{ in}$ . The width is 3 times the length. Find the length of the rectangle.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{length} &= x = 6 \text{ in} \\
 \text{width} &= 3x = 18 \text{ in}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= 2l + 2w \\
 48 &= 2(x) + 2(3x) \\
 48 &= 2x + 6x \\
 8x &= 48 \\
 x &= 6
 \end{aligned}$$

## Find the Circumference and Area of a Circle

Find the circumference and area of the circle. Round to the nearest tenth.



$$C = 2 \cdot \pi \cdot 8$$

$$C = 50.3 \text{ m}$$

Pull

### Circle:

$$\text{Circumference} = 2\pi r$$

$$\text{Area} = \pi r^2$$

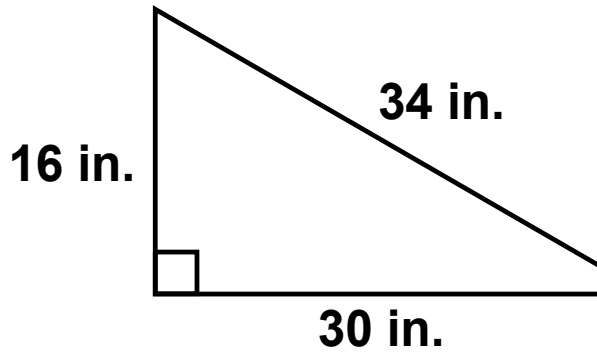
$$A = \pi \cdot 8^2$$

$$A = 64 \cdot \pi$$

$$A = 201.1 \text{ m}^2$$

## Finding Perimeter and Area of a Triangle

Find the area and perimeter of the triangle.



$$P = 16 + 34 + 30$$

$$P = 80 \text{ in.}$$

Pull

**Triangle:**

$$\text{Perimeter} = s_1 + s_2 + s_3$$

$$\text{Area} = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

$$A = \frac{30 \cdot 16}{2}$$

$$A = 240 \text{ in}^2$$

The base of a triangle is 14 cm. Its area is  $42 \text{ cm}^2$ . Find the height of the triangle.

$$A = \frac{b \cdot h}{2}$$

$$2 \cdot 42 = \frac{14 \cdot h}{2} \cdot 2$$

$$\frac{84}{14} = \frac{14h}{14}$$

$$h = 6 \text{ cm}$$

## Unit Conversions

Complete the unit conversions.

$$54 \text{ cm}^2 = \underline{0.54} \text{ m}^2$$

S  $\xrightarrow{\div}$  L

$$78 \text{ in.}^2 = \underline{6.5} \text{ ft}^2$$

S  $\xrightarrow{\div}$  L

$$23 \text{ yd}^2 = \underline{69} \text{ ft}^2$$

L  $\xrightarrow{\times}$  S

$$96 \text{ mm}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$3000 \text{ m}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ km}^2$$

$$15 \text{ ft}^2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ in.}^2$$

Pull

# Homework Assignment

## Worksheet 1.7B

